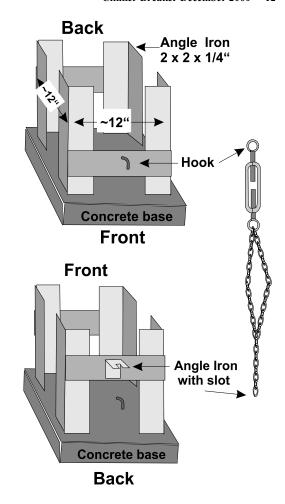
Adjustable Anvil Stand Steve Bloom

At the John C. Campbell Folk School, in the Whitaker shop, are adjustable anvil stands at each station. The design is simple, effective, and well worth knowing about. The stand consists of four pieces of heavy angle iron position enclosing a 11.5" x 11.5" space (width of nominal 2" x 12" planks)(see accompanying figure). The pieces are embedded into a concrete base. On one surface (the 'front') is a strap of 2" x 1/4" steel welded across two of the uprights and is positioned near the base. On that strap is a heavy hook, welded to the strap. On the opposite surface is another strap of the same dimensions positioned somewhat higher on the other pair of uprights. A slotted piece of angle iron is welded in the same location as the hook on the first strap. Drop the appropriate number of 11.5" pieces of 2"x12" planking into the space until the anvil surface will be at the correct height for you. Plop your anvil on top and position the horn which ever way you like (we don't need to get into that decision!). The lock-down consists of a 'Y' piece of moderately heavy chain. The two 'top ends' of the 'Y' are connected to the loop on a heathy turnbuckle. The chain necklace is slipped over the anvil, the lower loop of the turn-buckle is slipped over the hook, and the free end (the 'stem' of the 'Y') is slipped into the slot. By adjusting just where the free-end intersects with the slot and by working the turn-buckle, you lock the anvil to the stand. You want to change the height? Just add or delete boards. Purty simple, no?



CALCULATING PULLEYS

Here are some formulas from the 1919 5th Edition Machinery's Handbook.

Speed of Driven Pulley Required:

speed, 180 revolutions per minute, and the diameter of the driven pulley, 9 inches, then the speed of the driven pulley If the diameter of the driving pulley is 15 inches and its = $(15 \times 180) / 9 = 300$ revolutions per minute.

Diameter of Driven Pulley Required:

then the diameter of the driven pulley = $(24 \times 100) / 600 =$ speed, 100 rpm, and the driven pulley is to rotate 600 rpm, If the diameter of the driving pulley is 24 inches and its

Diameter of Driving Pulley Required:

If the diameter of the driven pulley is 36 inches and its required speed, 150 rpm, and the speed of the driving of the driving pulley = $(36 \times 150) / 600 = 9$ inches. pulley is 600 rpm, then the diameter

Speed of Driving Pulley Required:

speed, 800 rpm, and the diameter of the driver, 26 inches, then the required speed of the driver = $(4 \times 800) / 26 =$ If the diameter of driven pulley is 4 inches, its required 123 rpm, approximately

Speed of Driven Pulley in Compound Drive Required: pulley) and 24" (larger of dual pulleys); the diameters of If the diameters of the driving pulleys are 18" (single

pulley); and the speed of the 18 inch driver, 260 rpm; then the speed of the driven 13 inch pulley = $(18 \times 24) / (12 \times 13)$ connected to 18" drive pulley) and 13" (driven by 24" the driven pulleys 12" (smaller of dual pulleys and (3) X 260 = 720 rpm

By Steve Koch BELLEVUE, WA

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